

Risoluzione del sistema lineare:

$$\begin{cases} x-3y+5z=22 \\ 3x-y=-6 \\ 2x+z=-7 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 5 & 22 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & -6 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & -7 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & 15 & 66 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & -6 \\ 6 & 0 & 3 & -21 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & 15 & 66 \\ 0 & 8 & -15 & -72 \\ 0 & 18 & -27 & -153 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & 15 & 66 \\ 0 & 8 & -15 & -72 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & -17 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & 15 & 66 \\ 0 & 8 & -15 & -72 \\ 0 & 8 & -12 & -68 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 & 15 & 66 \\ 0 & 8 & -15 & -72 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & 8 & -15 & -72 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 & -52 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & \frac{-12}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{-13}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 & \frac{-25}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{-13}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{-25}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{-13}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{4}{3} \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{-25}{6} \\ y = \frac{-13}{2} \\ z = \frac{4}{3} \end{cases}$$

Sostituendo alle equazioni iniziali (per verifica):

$$x-3y+5z=22 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{25}{6} - 3\left(\frac{-13}{2}\right) + 5\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) = 22 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{25}{6} + \frac{39}{2} + \frac{20}{3} = 22 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{-25+3\cdot 39+2\cdot 20}{6} = 22 \Leftrightarrow \frac{-25+117+40}{6} = 22 \Leftrightarrow \frac{132}{6} = 22 \Leftrightarrow 22 = 22$$

$$3x-y=-6 \Leftrightarrow \frac{3\cdot(-25)}{6} - \left(\frac{-13}{2}\right) = -6 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{25}{2} + \frac{13}{2} = -6 \Leftrightarrow \frac{13-25}{2} = -6 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{12}{2} = -6 \Leftrightarrow -6 = -6$$

$$2x+z=-7 \Leftrightarrow \frac{2\cdot(-25)}{6} + \frac{4}{3} = -7 \Leftrightarrow \frac{-25+4}{3} = -7 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{21}{3} = -7 \Leftrightarrow -7 = -7$$

Quindi il punto di incontro dei tre piani ha coordinate $\left(\frac{-25}{6}, -\frac{13}{2}, \frac{4}{3}\right)$...